



SBOS279E - SEPTEMBER 2003 - REVISED MAY 2008

# 6.5MHz, 585µA, Rail-to-Rail I/O CMOS Operational Amplifier

# **FEATURES**

- LOW OFFSET: 5mV (max)
- LOW I<sub>B</sub>: 10pA (max)
- HIGH BANDWIDTH: 6.5MHz
- RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT
- SINGLE SUPPLY: +2.3V to +5.5V
- SHUTDOWN: OPAx373
- SPECIFIED UP TO +125°C
- MicroSIZE PACKAGES: SOT23-5, SOT23-6, SOT23-8 and DFN-10

# APPLICATIONS

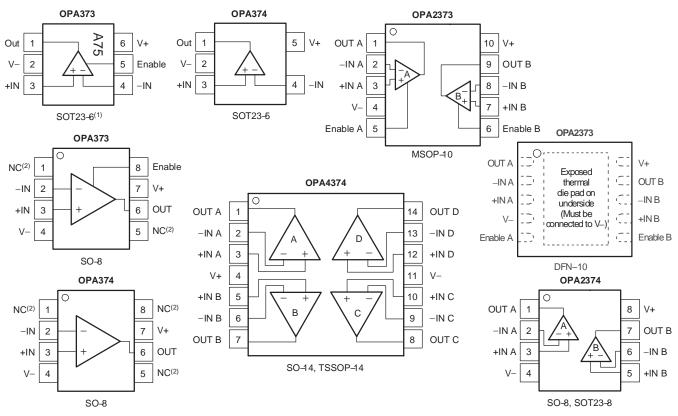
- PORTABLE EQUIPMENT
- BATTERY-POWERED DEVICES
- ACTIVE FILTERS
- DRIVING A/D CONVERTERS

# DESCRIPTION

The OPA373 and OPA374 families of operational amplifiers are low power and low cost with excellent bandwidth (6.5MHz) and slew rate (5V/ $\mu$ s). The input range extends 200mV beyond the rails and the output range is within 25mV of the rails. The speed/power ratio and small size make them ideal for portable and battery-powered applications.

The OPA373 family includes a shutdown mode. Under logic control, the amplifiers can be switched from normal operation to a standby current that is less than  $1\mu$ A.

The OPA373 and OPA374 families of operational amplifiers are specified for single or dual power supplies of +2.7V to +5.5V, with operation from +2.3V to +5.5V. All models are specified for  $-40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C.



(1) Pin 1 of the SOT23-6 is determined by orienting the package marking as shown.

(2) NC indicates no internal connection.

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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.





#### PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY
Shutdown						
OPA373	SOT23-6	DBV	-40°C to +125°C	A75	OPA373AIDBVT	Tape and Reel, 250
"	"	"	"	"	OPA373AIDBVR	Tape and Reel, 3000
OPA373	SO-8	D	-40°C to +125°C	OPA373A	OPA373AID	Rails, 100
"	"	"	"	"	OPA373AIDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
OPA2373	MSOP-10	DGS	-40°C to +125°C	AYO	OPA2373AIDGST	Tape and Reel, 250
"	"	"	"	"	OPA2373AIDGSR	Tape and Reel, 2500
OPA2373	DFN-10	DRC	-40°C to +125°C	OCEQ	OPA2373AIDRCT	Tape and Reel, 250
"	"	"	"	"	OPA2373AIDRCR	Tape and Reel, 3000
Non-Shutdown						
OPA374	SOT23-5	DBV	-40°C to +125°C	A76	OPA374AIDBVT	Tape and Reel, 250
"	"	"	"	"	OPA374AIDBVR	Tape and Reel, 3000
OPA374	SO-8	D	-40°C to +125°C	OPA274A	OPA374AID	Rails, 100
"	"	"	"	"	OPA374AIDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
OPA2374	SOT23-8	DCN	-40°C to +125°C	ATP	OPA2374AIDCNT	Tape and Reel, 250
"	"	"	"	"	OPA2374AIDCNR	Tape and Reel, 3000
OPA2374	SO-8	D	-40°C to +125°C	OPA2374A	OPA2374AID	Rails, 100
"	"	"	"	"	OPA2374AIDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
OPA4374	SO-14	D	-40°C to +125°C	OPA4374A	OPA4374AID	Rails, 58
"	"	"	"	"	OPA4374AIDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
OPA4374	TSSOP-14	PW	-40°C to +125°C	OPA4374A	OPA4374AIPWT	Tape and Reel, 250
"	"	"	"	"	OPA4374AIPWR	Tape and Reel, 2500

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum located at the end of this datasheet.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Supply Voltage+7.0V
Signal Input Terminals, Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> 0.5V to (V+) + 0.5V
Current(2) ±10mA
Output Short-Circuit <sup>(3)</sup> Continuous
Operating Temperature55°C to +150°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

(2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.

(3) Short-circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = +2.7V$ to +5.5VBoldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ .

				OPA2373, 2374, OPA		
PARAMETER		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFFSET VOLTAGE						
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>OS</sub>	$V_{\rm S} = 5V$		1	5	mV
over Temperature					6.5	mV
Drift	dV <sub>OS</sub> /dT			3		μ <b>V/°C</b>
vs Power Supply	PSRR	$V_{S} = 2.7V$ to 5.5V, $V_{CM} < (V+) - 2V$		25	100	μV/V
over Temperature		V <sub>S</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V, V <sub>CM</sub> < (V+) – 2V			150	μ <b>V/V</b>
Channel Separation, DC				0.4		μV/V
f = 1kHz				128		dB
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE						
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>		(V–) – 0.2		(V+) + 0.2	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$(V-) - 0.2V < V_{CM} < (V+) - 2V$	80	90	(1.) . 0.2	dB
over Temperature	•	$(V-) - 0.2V < V_{CM} < (V+) - 2V$	70			dB
ever remperatare		$V_{\rm S} = 5.5V, (V_{\rm -}) - 0.2V < V_{\rm CM} < (V_{\rm +}) + 0.2V$	66			dB
over Temperature		$V_{\rm S} = 5.5V$ , $(V_{\rm -}) - 0.2V < V_{\rm CM} < (V_{\rm +}) + 0.2V$	60			dB
INPUT BIAS CURRENT			00			
Input Bias Current	Ι <sub>Β</sub>			±0.5	±10	pА
Input Offset Current	I <sub>OS</sub>			±0.5	±10 ±10	рА pA
	105			±0.5	10	рл
Differential				10 <sup>13</sup>   3		Ω   pF
				10 <sup>13</sup>   6		
Common-Mode				10.0116		Ω   pF
NOISE		$V_{CM} < (V+) - 2V$				.,
Input Voltage Noise, $f = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$				10		μV <sub>PP</sub>
Input Voltage Noise Density, f = 10kHz	en			15		nV/√Hz
Input Current Noise Density, f = 10kHz	i <sub>n</sub>			4		fA/√Hz
OPEN-LOOP GAIN						
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{S} = 5V, R_{L} = 100k\Omega, 0.025V < V_{O} < 4.975V$	94	110		dB
over Temperature		$V_{S} = 5V, R_{L} = 100 k\Omega, 0.025 V < V_{O} < 4.975 V$	80			dB
		$V_{S} = 5V, R_{L} = 5k\Omega, 0.125V < V_{O} < 4.875V$	94	106		dB
over Temperature		$V_{S}$ = 5V, $R_{L}$ = 5k $\Omega$ , 0.125V < $V_{O}$ < 4.875V	80			dB
OUTPUT						
Voltage Output Swing from Rail		$R_L = 100 k\Omega$		18	25	mV
over Temperature		<b>R<sub>L</sub> = 100k</b> Ω			25	mV
		$R_L = 5k\Omega$		100	125	mV
over Temperature		$R_L = 5k\Omega$			125	mV
Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>			ical Charac		
Capacitive Load Drive	C <sub>LOAD</sub>		See Typ	pical Charac	teristics	
Open-Loop Output Impedance		$f = 1MHz, I_O = 0$		220		Ω
FREQUENCY RESPONSE		C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF				
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW			6.5		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1		5		V/µs
Settling Time, 0.1%	t <sub>S</sub>	$V_{S} = 5V, 2V$ Step, G = +1		1		μs
0.01%		V <sub>S</sub> = 5V, 2V Step, G = +1		1.5		μs
Overload Recovery Time		V <sub>IN</sub> ● Gain > V <sub>S</sub>		0.3		μs
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	THD+N	$V_{S} = 5V, V_{O} = 3V_{PP}, G = +1, f = 1kHz$		0.0013		%
ENABLE/SHUTDOWN						
t <sub>OFF</sub>				3		μs
ton				12		μs
V <sub>L</sub> (shutdown)			V-		(V–) + 0.8	V
V <sub>H</sub> (amplifier is active)			(V–) + 2		V+	V
Input Bias Current of Enable Pin				0.2		μA
I <sub>OSD</sub> (per amplifier)				< 0.5	1	μA

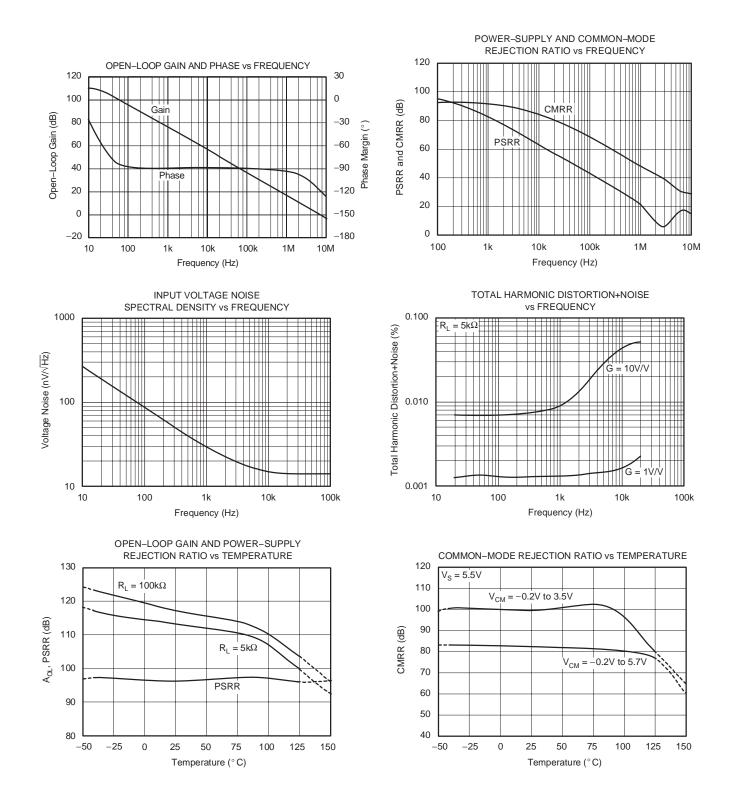


# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = +2.7V$ to +5.5V (continued) Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ .

					3, OPA2373, OPA374, A2374, OPA4374		
PARAMETER		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
POWER SUPPLY			1				
Specified Voltage Range	Vs		2.7		5.5	V	
Operating Voltage Range				2.3 to 5.5		V	
Quiescent Current (per amplifier)	lq	I <sub>O</sub> = 0		585	750	μΑ	
over Temperature					800	μΑ	
TEMPERATURE RANGE							
Specified Range			-40		+125	°C	
Operating Range			-55		+150	°C	
Storage Range			-65		+150	°C	
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA}$					°C/W	
SOT23-5, SOT23-6, SOT23-8				200		°C/W	
MSOP-10, SO-8			İ	150		°C/W	
SO-14, TSSOP-14				100		°C/W	
DFN-10		JEDEC High-K Board		56		°C/W	



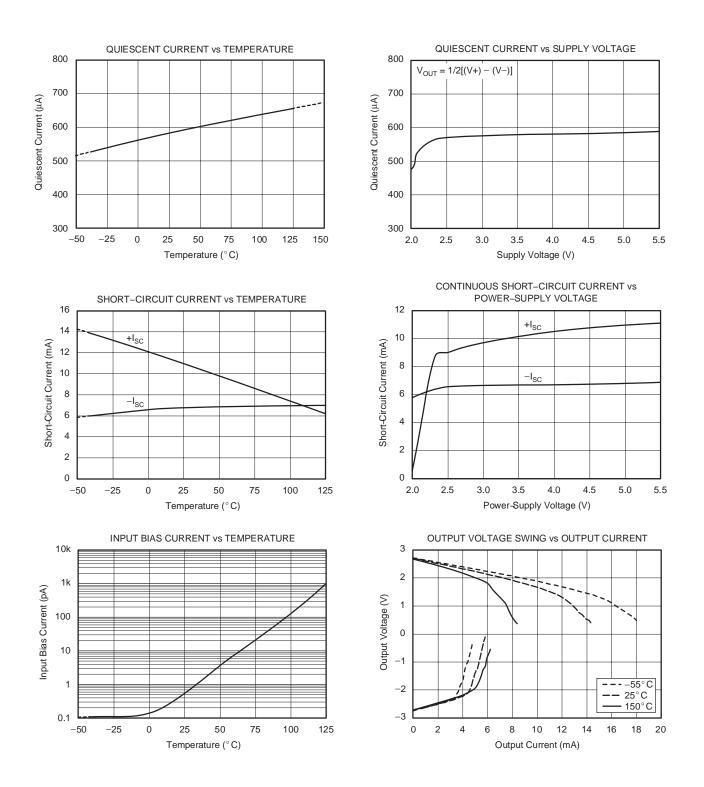
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 



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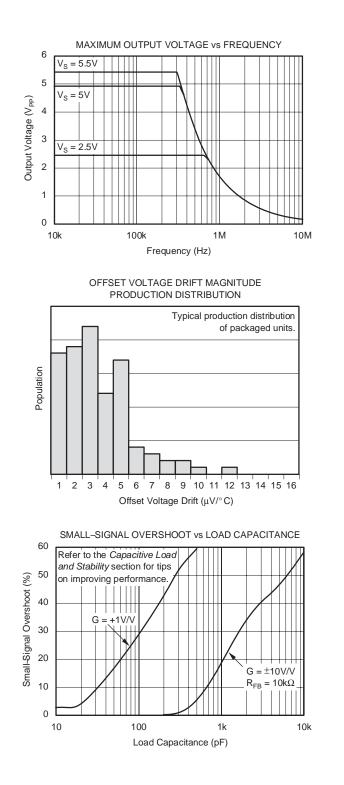
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

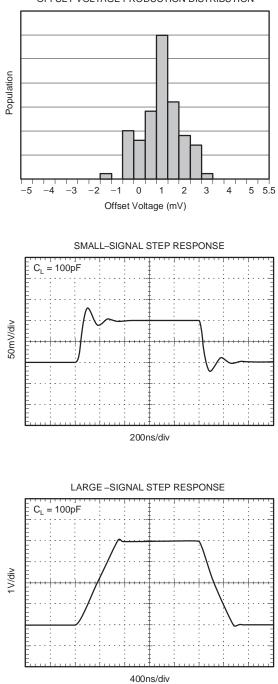




#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , and  $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.



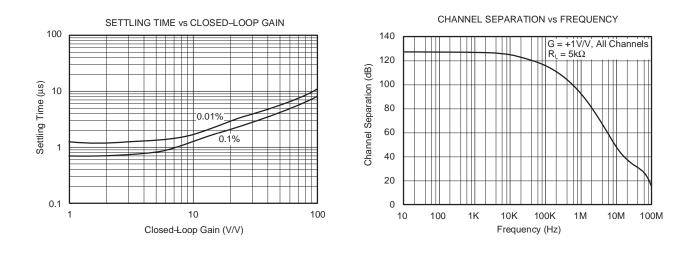


OFFSET VOLTAGE PRODUCTION DISTRIBUTION

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)** 





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# APPLICATIONS

The OPA373 and OPA374 series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. Rail-to-rail input and output make them ideal for driving sampling Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs). Excellent ac performance makes them well-suited for audio applications. The class AB output stage is capable of driving 100k $\Omega$  loads connected to any point between V+ and ground.

The input common-mode voltage range includes both rails, allowing the OPA373 and OPA374 series op amps to be used in virtually any single-supply application up to a supply voltage of +5.5V.

Rail-to-rail input and output swing significantly increases dynamic range, especially in low-supply applications.

Power-supply pins should be bypassed with  $0.01 \mu \text{F}$  ceramic capacitors.

#### **OPERATING VOLTAGE**

The OPA373 and OPA374 op amps are specified and tested over a power-supply range of +2.7V to +5.5V ( $\pm$ 1.35V to  $\pm$ 2.75V). However, the supply voltage may range from +2.3V to +5.5V ( $\pm$ 1.15V to  $\pm$ 2.75V). Supply voltages higher than 7.0V (absolute maximum) can permanently damage the amplifier. Parameters that vary over supply voltage or temperature are shown in the Typical Characteristics section of this data sheet.

#### **COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE RANGE**

The input common-mode voltage range of the OPA373 and OPA374 series extends 200mV beyond the supply rails. This is achieved with a complementary input stage—an N-channel input differential pair in parallel with a P-channel differential pair. The N-channel pair is active for input voltages close to the positive rail, typically (V+) - 1.65V to 200mV above the positive supply, while the P-channel pair is on for inputs from 200mV below the negative supply to approximately (V+) - 1.65V. There is a 500mV transition region, typically (V+) - 1.9V to (V+) – 1.4V, in which both pairs are on. This 500mV transition region, shown in Figure 1, can vary ±300mV with process variation. Thus, the transition region (both stages on) can range from (V+) - 2.2V to (V+) - 1.7V on the low end, up to (V+) - 1.6V to (V+) - 1.1V on the high end. Within the 500mV transition region PSRR, CMRR, offset voltage, offset drift, and THD may be degraded compared to operation outside this region.

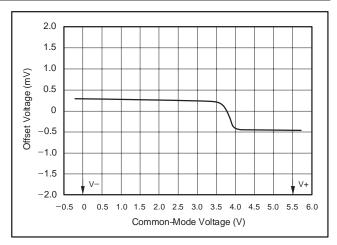


Figure 1. Behavior of Typical Transition Region at Room Temperature

#### **RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT**

The input common-mode range extends from (V-) - 0.2V to (V+) + 0.2V. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range. The absolute maximum input voltage is 500mV beyond the supplies. Inputs greater than the input common-mode range but less than the maximum input voltage, while not valid, will not cause any damage to the op amp. Unlike some other op amps, if input current is limited, the inputs may go beyond the supplies without phase inversion, as shown in Figure 2.

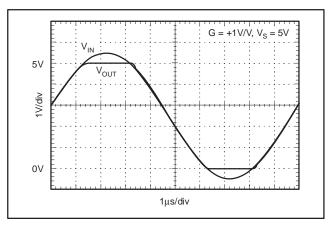
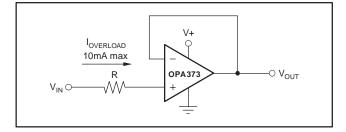


Figure 2. OPA373: No Phase Inversion with Inputs Greater Than the Power-Supply Voltage

Normally, input bias current is approximately 500fA; however, input voltages exceeding the power supplies by more than 500mV can cause excessive current to flow in or out of the input pins. Momentary voltages greater than 500mV beyond the power supply can be tolerated if the current on the input pins is limited to 10mA. This is easily accomplished with an input resistor; see Figure 3. (Many input signals are inherently current-limited to less than 10mA, therefore, a limiting resistor is not required.)

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#### Figure 3. Input Current Protection for Voltages Exceeding the Supply Voltage

#### **RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT**

A class AB output stage with common-source transistors is used to achieve rail-to-rail output. For light resistive loads (> 100k $\Omega$ ), the output voltage can typically swing to within 18mV from the supply rails. With moderate resistive loads (5k $\Omega$  to 50k $\Omega$ ), the output can typically swing to within 100mV from the supply rails and maintain high open-loop gain. See the Typical Characteristic curve, *Output Voltage Swing vs Output Current*, for more information.

#### CAPACITIVE LOAD AND STABILITY

OPA373 series op amps can drive a wide range of capacitive loads. However, under certain conditions, all op amps may become unstable. Op amp configuration, gain, and load value are just a few of the factors to consider when determining stability. An op amp in unity-gain configuration is the most susceptible to the effects of capacitive load. The capacitive load reacts with the op amp output resistance, along with any additional load resistance, to create a pole in the small-signal response that degrades the phase margin. The OPA373 series op amps perform well in unity-gain configuration, with a pure capacitive load up to approximately 250pF. Increased gains allow the amplifier to drive more capacitance. See the Typical Characteristics curve, *Small-Signal Overshoot vs Capacitive Load*, for further details.

One method of improving capacitive load drive in the unity-gain configuration is to insert a small ( $10\Omega$  to  $20\Omega$ ) resistor, R<sub>S</sub>, in series with the output, as shown in Figure 4. This significantly reduces ringing while maintaining dc performance for purely capacitive loads. When there is a resistive load in parallel with the capacitive load, R<sub>S</sub> must be placed within the feedback loop as shown to allow the feedback loop to compensate for the voltage divider created by R<sub>S</sub> and R<sub>L</sub>.

In unity-gain inverter configuration, phase margin can be reduced by the reaction between the capacitance at the op amp input and the gain setting resistors, thus degrading capacitive load drive. Best performance is achieved by using small valued resistors. However, when large valued resistors cannot be avoided, a small (4pF to 6pF) capacitor,  $C_{FB}$ , can be inserted in the feedback, as shown in Figure 5. This significantly reduces overshoot by compensating the effect of capacitance,  $C_{IN}$ , which includes the amplifier input capacitance and printed circuit board (PCP) parasitic capacitance.

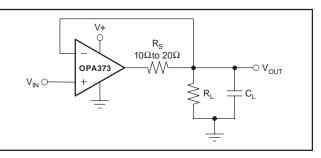


Figure 4. Series Resistor in Unity-Gain Configuration Improves Capacitive Load Drive

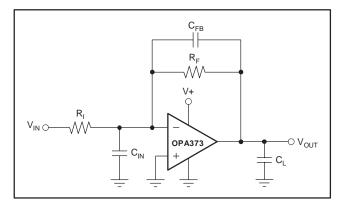


Figure 5. Improving Capacitive Load Drive

For example, when driving a 100pF load in unity-gain inverter configuration, adding a 6pF capacitor in parallel with the  $10k\Omega$  feedback resistor decreases overshoot from 57% to 12%, as shown in Figure 6.

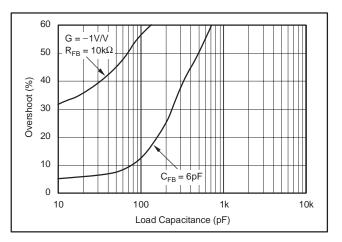


Figure 6. Improving Capacitive Load Drive



#### **DRIVING ADCs**

The OPA373 and OPA374 series op amps are optimized for driving medium-speed sampling ADCs. The OPA373 and OPA374 op amps buffer the ADC input capacitance and resulting charge injection, while providing signal gain.

The OPA373 is shown driving the ADS7816 in a basic noninverting configuration, as shown in Figure 7. The ADS7816 is a 12-bit, *Micro*Power sampling converter in the MSOP-8 package. When used with the low-power, miniature packages of the OPA373, the combination is ideal for space-limited, low-power applications. In this configuration, an RC network at the ADC input can be used to provide anti-aliasing filtering. Figure 8 shows the OPA373 driving the ADS7816 in a speech band-pass filtered data acquisition system. This small, low-cost solution provides the necessary amplification and signal conditioning to interface directly with an electret microphone. This circuit will operate with  $V_S = 2.7V$  to 5V.

The OPA373 is shown in the inverting configuration described in Figure 9. In this configuration, filtering may be accomplished with the capacitor across the feedback resistor.

#### **ENABLE/SHUTDOWN**

OPA373 and OPA374 series op amps typically require  $585\mu$ A quiescent current. The enable/shutdown feature of the OPA373 allows the op amp to be shut off in order to reduce this current to less than  $1\mu$ A.

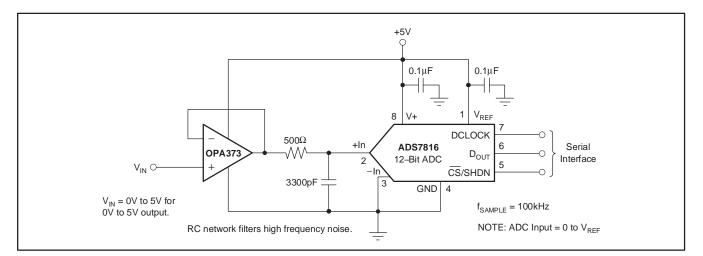
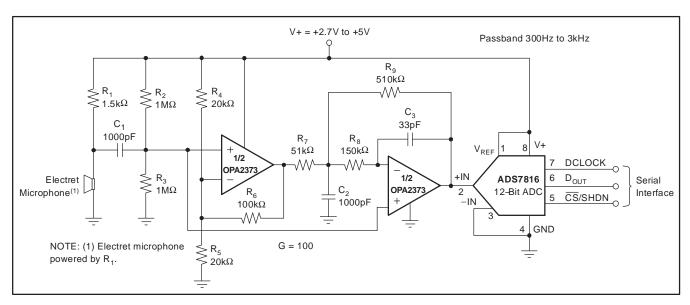


Figure 7. The OPA373 in Noninverting Configuration Driving the ADS7816





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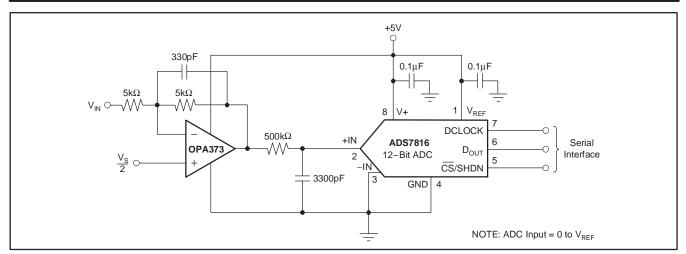


Figure 9. The OPA373 in Inverting Configuration Driving the ADS7816

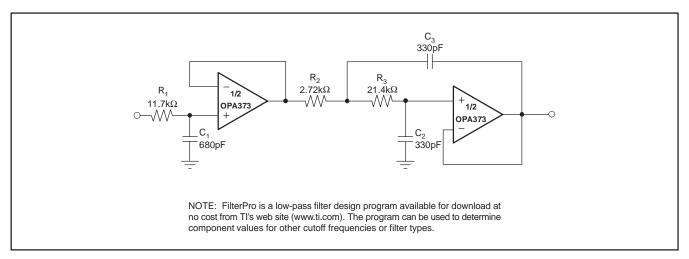


Figure 10. Three-Pole Sallen-Key Butterworth Low-Pass Filter



#### **DFN PACKAGE**

The OPA2373 is available in a DFN-10 package (also known as SON), which is a QFN package with lead contacts on only two sides of the bottom of the package. This leadless, near-chip-scale package maximizes board space and enhances thermal and electrical characteristics through an exposed pad. DFN packages are physically small, have a smaller routing area, improved thermal performance, and improved electrical parasitics, with a pinout scheme that is consistent with other commonly-used packages, such as SO and MSOP. Additionally, the absence of external leads eliminates bent-lead issues.

The DFN package can be easily mounted using standard PCP assembly techniques. See Application Note, QFN/SON PCB *Attachment* (SLUA271) and Application Report, *Quad Flatpack No-Lead Logic Packages* (SCBA017), both available for download at www.ti.com.

The exposed leadframe die pad on the bottom of the package should be connected to V–.

#### LAYOUT GUIDELINES

The leadframe die pad should be soldered to a thermal pad on the PCB. A mechanical data sheet showing an example layout is attached at the end of this data sheet. Refinements to this layout may be required based on assembly process requirements.

Mechanical drawings located at the end of this data sheet list the physical dimensions for the package and pad. The five holes in the landing pattern are optional, and are intended for use with thermal vias that connect the leadframe die pad to the heatsink area on the PCB. Soldering the exposed pad significantly improves board-level reliability during temperature cycling, key push, package shear, and similar board-level tests.

Even with applications that have low-power dissipation, the exposed pad must be soldered to the PCB to provide structural integrity and long-term reliability. TEXAS INSTRUMENTS www.ti.com

11-Jul-2008

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
OPA2373AIDGSR	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGS	10	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDGSRG4	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGS	10	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDGST	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGS	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDGSTG4	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGS	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2373AIDRCTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDCNR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDCNRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDCNT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDCNTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA2374AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA373AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
OPA374AIDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AIDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AIDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AIDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	100	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA374AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAF
OPA4374AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	58	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4374AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	58	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4374AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4374AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4374AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4374AIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAF
OPA4374AIPWT	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
OPA4374AIPWTG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAF

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. **TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

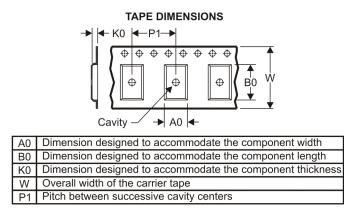
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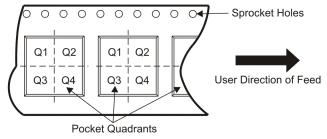
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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
OPA2373AIDGSR	MSOP	DGS	10	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2373AIDGST	MSOP	DGS	10	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2373AIDRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
OPA2374AIDCNR	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.1	1.39	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA2374AIDCNT	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.1	1.39	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA2374AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA373AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.1	1.39	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA373AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.1	1.39	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA373AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA374AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.1	1.39	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA374AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.1	1.39	4.0	8.0	Q3
OPA374AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA4374AIDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
OPA4374AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2500	330.0	12.4	7.0	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA4374AIPWT	TSSOP	PW	14	250	180.0	12.4	7.0	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

6-Nov-2008



All dimensions are nominal							-
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
OPA2373AIDGSR	MSOP	DGS	10	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA2373AIDGST	MSOP	DGS	10	250	184.0	184.0	50.0
OPA2373AIDRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA2374AIDCNR	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	190.5	212.7	31.8
OPA2374AIDCNT	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	190.5	212.7	31.8
OPA2374AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA373AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	184.0	184.0	50.0
OPA373AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	190.5	212.7	31.8
OPA373AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA374AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	190.5	212.7	31.8
OPA374AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	190.5	212.7	31.8
OPA374AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	390.0	348.0	63.0
OPA4374AIDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	346.0	346.0	33.0
OPA4374AIPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
OPA4374AIPWT	TSSOP	PW	14	250	184.0	184.0	50.0

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



### **MECHANICAL DATA**

MTSS001C - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

# PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- È. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.

E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



DGS (S-PDSO-G10)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation BA.



D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



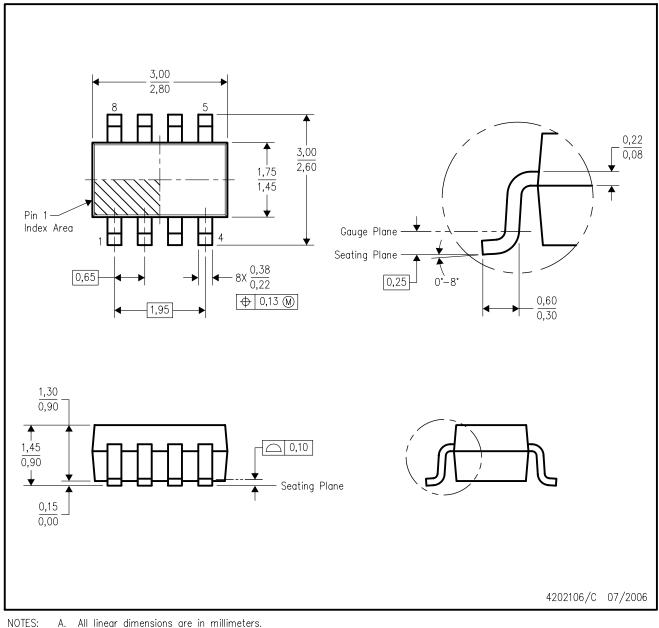
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.



DCN (R-PDSO-G8)

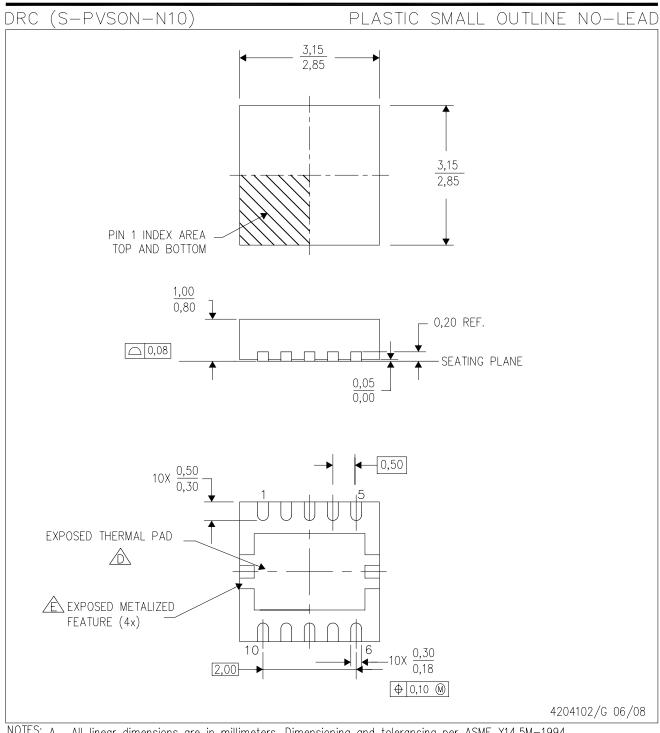
# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - Β. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Package outline exclusive of mold flash, metal burr & dambar protrusion/intrusion.
  - D. Package outline inclusive of solder plating.
  - E. A visual index feature must be located within the Pin 1 index area.
  - F. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation BA.



# **MECHANICAL DATA**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
- The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
- Æ. Metalized features are supplier options and may not be on the package.



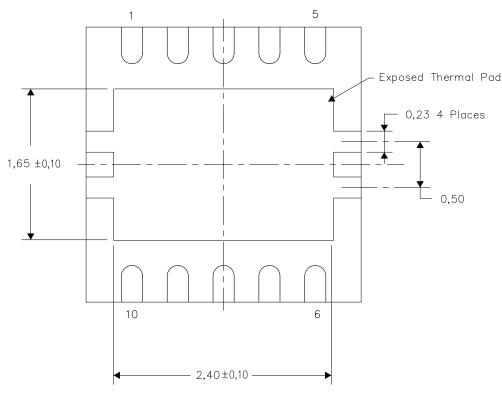


#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, Quad Flatpack No-Lead Logic Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

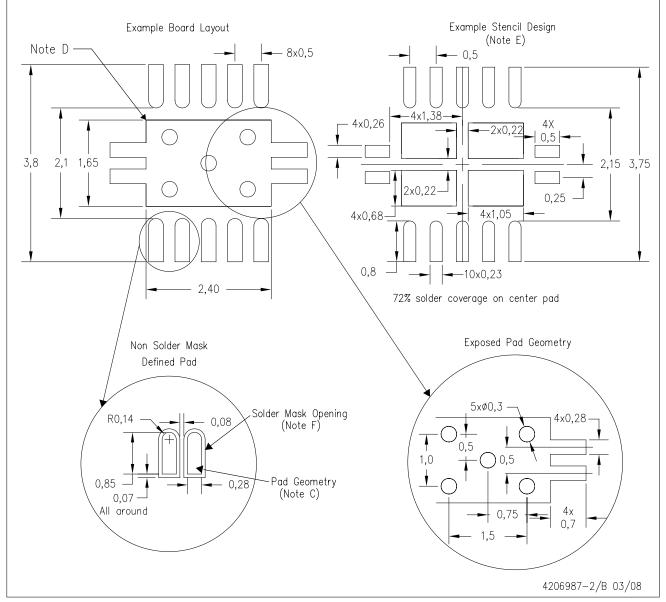


Bottom View

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

DRC (S-PVSON-N10)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



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